

TALK GOVERNORSHIP ONLY

POLITICIANS HOPE TO KNOW
EARLY TO-NIGHT WHO WINS.

It isn't too close Buffalo, Rochester, Syracuse and Elmira will give the clue—The Estimates on This County That Mr. Murphy Didn't Give Out.

The attack of guessing on the result in New York State between Hughes and Chanler became so acute yesterday, the last day of the campaign, that it was almost ludicrous. There are voting machines in Buffalo, Rochester, Syracuse and Elmira, and this suggested that the guessing might be at an end somewhere near 7 o'clock this evening. The basis of calculation is to be the vote in 1904, when Roosevelt and Parker were the candidates in the nation and Higgins and Herrick were the candidates for Governor. In 1904 Higgins carried Erie county by 4,789, Monroe by 8,001, Onondaga by 9,433 and Chemung by 1,115.

There is great speculation as to what Kings county is to do to-day. Four years ago Herrick carried the county by 3,460. It must be recalled, though, that in the present campaign for Governor there are three candidates, Hughes, Chanler and Shearn. In the campaign four years ago there were only two.

While the guessing over the result between Hughes and Chanler has become little short of a joke the guessing over Shearn's vote is the tallest kind of a problem. The Hearst candidates for Associate Judges of the Court of Appeals a year ago got respectively 114,000 and 120,000 votes. The Independence League vote, with Higgins for President and Shearn for Governor, it is believed, will put mostly from Bryan and Chanler. Some said yesterday that the Higgins and Shearn vote would approximate 90,000 in the State, while others put it as low as 40,000. With this mixed state of affairs the wiser heads said last night that the only thing to do was to wait until Buffalo, Rochester, Syracuse and Elmira are heard from.

One point yesterday was to ascertain, if possible, from Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany, exactly what estimate the thirty-five district leaders of the organization had put upon the vote for President and Governor in Greater New York. Mr. Murphy declined on Sunday night to give the result as reported to him, but said: "Undoubtedly the Republican official estimates showing 130,000 majority for Mr. Bryan and 154,000 majority for Mr. Chanler in Greater New York were reported to Gov. Hughes, and now we find a desperate endeavor to stem the tide of public sentiment which foretells his overwhelming defeat." Mr. Murphy said further on in his statement: "Republican estimates of a week ago have fallen from 155,000 to 84,000 for Mr. Taft, and from 180,000 to 10,000 for Mr. Hughes in this State. In effect, this is a confession of defeat."

Representative Parsons of the New York county committee denied emphatically that there had been any such slump in the Republican estimate to which Mr. Murphy alluded, and added, "The situation in the county is entirely satisfactory to our organization. I make this statement after a careful examination of all the factors in the campaign and of the reports we have received from the district leaders. I am confident that the vote which will be given to Taft and Hughes in this county will be a surprise to our Democratic friends."

When Mr. Murphy learned that Mr. Parsons had denied his, Murphy's, assertion that the Republicans had slumped off from 155,000 to 10,000 for Mr. Hughes in the State, he said that if it became necessary he could easily prove his statement. If a letter which William L. Ward, Republican national committeeman for the State, is said to have written to a personal friend announcing that Taft's plurality in the State would be 80,000 is of any value, Mr. Murphy's statement that if put to it he could prove his assertion would come pretty near being correct.

There were two versions of Mr. Murphy's reasons for declining to give out his figures on Sunday night. They were given by men who ought to be in his confidence, in fact who are believed to be very close to the Tammany chieftain. The first version was, as repeated by these friends of Mr. Murphy, that the vote for Bryan and Chanler in Greater New York according to the estimates of the leaders was to be so prodigious as to warrant Mr. Murphy in suppressing the figures on the ground that they might lead to overconfidence. The other version, Mr. Murphy's personal friends still speaking, was that the estimates were so bad that Mr. Murphy was justified in suppressing them, "so bad in fact," said one of Mr. Murphy's personal friends last night, "as to warrant odds on Hughes and Chanler at 3 to 1 in favor of Hughes."

Mr. Murphy, though, is personally confident that Chanler is to win. His friends say that in no year since he became Tammany's chieftain has he relied upon the estimates of his Assembly district leaders. On the contrary, they say, he has relied on a private poll which has been taken for him by people who did not know for whom they were taking the poll and in which private poll did not fall him in 1903, 1905 and 1906. He has confidence in this private poll and believes it warrants him in proclaiming his absolute confidence that Mr. Chanler would have such a plurality before the Bronx as to overwhelm the up-State vote for Mr. Hughes. Chanler, when he ran for Lieutenant-Governor two years ago carried Greater New York by 138,249. That vote, however, is not regarded by politicians as a criterion, for the reason that the basis of calculation must be the vote in a Presidential year. Four years ago in the Presidential year of Roosevelt and Parker, Herrick's Democratic candidate for Governor, carried Greater New York over Higgins, his Republican opponent, by 79,441, a difference of 58,808. And there was no Independence League candidate for Governor running in that year.

At Johnson made a bet of \$500 even at the Hoffman House last night that Chanler would not get 100,000 plurality in Greater New York, and Johnson did this while all around him bets were being made at \$100 to \$500 that Chanler would carry the State, and there were several offers of \$4,000 to \$5,000 on the same proposition.

THREATENED GEO. B. COX.

Former Cincinnati Man Found in Street With a Big Gun.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 2.—Herman Newman, former head of the salvage corps of Cincinnati and more recently of the salvage corps of Indianapolis, was taken to police headquarters this afternoon. Newman is now an Indianapolis man, but he comes to Cincinnati on business frequently. He was standing at the corner of Fifth and Walnut streets when George B. Cox, the well known political boss, president of the Cincinnati Trust Company, passed. It was reported that Newman made a threatening remark of so serious an import that detectives asked Newman to go to police headquarters with them for the purpose of interrogation by Chief Milikin. When he was searched at police headquarters a big revolver was found on Newman.

"What are you doing here?" Chief Milikin asked him.

"I lost everything in Indianapolis," replied Newman.

"You don't want to kill anybody," was suggested.

"I might as well," said Newman.

"If you do you'll go to the penitentiary," he was told.

"I don't care," said Newman. "I might as well go there as anywhere else."

"What do you mean by going around threatening the life of Mr. Cox and others?"

"Well, I lost everything here and in Indianapolis through them."

Newman was held on suspicion.

He says politicians hounded him out of all his jobs here and in Indianapolis. Newman took to the stump here a few years ago to air his grievances.

GOV. HIGGINS TO BE MARRIED.

Rhode Island Executive to Take a Bride Within a Fortnight.

PROVIDENCE, Nov. 2.—It was announced to-day that Gov. James H. Higgins is to be married shortly. The bride to be is Miss Ellen F. McGuire of Pawtucket.

The date has not been announced, but it is believed that it will take place within the next fortnight, as the Governor has cancelled plans to go with the State party to Vicksburg, Miss., Saturday of this week on account of wedding preparations.

Miss McGuire is the sister of two associates of John T. McGuire, a contractor and builder of Pawtucket. She is a communicant at St. Joseph's Church of Pawtucket and the wedding will probably take place there.

Gov. Higgins has been in office two years and to-morrow his successor will be elected. He positively refused re-nomination.

AN HONOR TO THE DUKE.

Italian Paper Quotes Premier Clemenceau's View of the Abruzzi Marriage.

SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCH TO THE SUN.

MILAN, Nov. 2.—The *Secolo* quotes M. Clemenceau, the Prime Minister of France, as saying in an interview that the wedding of Miss Katherine Elkins and the Duke of the Abruzzi would be a splendid democratic marriage which would be an honor to the Duke.

ROME, Nov. 2.—The Duke of the Abruzzi received yesterday from Washington the small package which, it was rumored, contained his returned engagement ring. It contained instead a small present worked by Miss Elkins's own hands.

Intimate friends of the Duke say they do not believe that the Duke's marriage to Miss Elkins will take place in the immediate future. They think the Duke's approaching visit to America is for the purpose of asking formally for the hand of Miss Elkins, after which the engagement will be formally announced.

ANCIENT R. R. TICKET GOOD.

Pennsylvania Honors Voucher Issued in 1869.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 2.—A railroad ticket issued in 1869 was tendered by a passenger on train No. 4, which left Pittsburgh for the East at 5:30 o'clock last evening. The ticket was issued by the Louisville and Lexington or Mexican Railroad Company and read:

"Good for one first class passage between Cincinnati, Ohio, and Washington, D. C."

It was so worn with age, however, that great difficulty was experienced in deciphering the full name of the railroad.

The conductor telegraphed to the superintendent of passenger transportation at Philadelphia for instructions and was advised to honor the ticket.

INSANE MAN WAS REGISTERED.

400 Men Must Show Cause Before They Can Vote in Union County, N. J.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Nov. 2.—Supreme Court Justice James J. Bergen this afternoon granted an order to have nearly 400 men show cause why they should not be restrained from voting to-morrow.

Judge Bergen's order was issued following disclosures of alleged registration padding in Plainfield, the result of an investigation by the Democratic county committee.

Samuel Miller, formerly of 332 Third street, Plainfield, whose name was placed on the list there has been in an insane asylum for five years. Others whose names were on the list do not live in the city, say the Democratic leaders.

MRS. SAGE BUYS LIBRARY SITE.

Acquires Property Opposite Her Home at Sag Harbor, L. I.

SAG HARBOR, L. I., Nov. 2.—Mrs. Russell Sage has completed negotiations for the purchase of the small house and the lot on which it stands opposite her summer home here. The price she will pay is \$10,000. The agreement was entered into to-day. The property will be used as a site for the new memorial library.

Mrs. Sage has also bought a large piece of land adjoining the property she purchased a year ago which is to be used as a park by the village. Whether she will add her latest purchase to the park or plans to devote it to some other use is not known here.

Fire Across From the Tombs.

The Tombs prison got smoked up a little a few minutes after midnight this morning by a fire across the street in the building occupied by George Bender, manufacturer of motors and dynamos, at 82 Centre street. When Deputy Chief Guerin came the fire was spreading through the top floors, but a couple of high pressure streams killed it.

BETTING BRISKS UP A BIT

THREE \$10,000 TO \$3,000 BETS ON HUGHES REPORTED.

But It Was Even or Nothing at the Finish—Even Bets on 100,000 and 110,000 Plurality for Chanler in Greater New York—Tame Night by Comparison.

The long lobby and the bar of the Hoffman were mournful precincts last night to the old timers who were used to seeing Charley Mahoney standing knee deep in green and yellow bills while hundreds of excited men battled to get within six feet of the little man to take a chance on one candidate or another. Two years ago, four years ago, Mahoney hardly had time to count the money, it came so fast.

Last night from 6 o'clock until after midnight \$100,000 would have been a liberal estimate of the coin he stands sponsor for. He spent most of the time in a storeroom off the lobby. Persons with cash and confidence in their own judgment got to Mr. Mahoney by rapping softly upon the door. What took place in there is more or less of a mystery. Nobody was advertising himself as a bettor.

Out of the \$100,000 that was out last night at the Hoffman House there were three bets of \$10,000 to \$3,000 on Gov. Hughes. There was mighty little to \$3 Hughes money, no 10 to 1. Gentlemen with a fancy for Hughes's chances modestly asked even money. Sometimes they agreed to take 10 to 1. Chanler supporters refused to give better in any case than 10 to 1 and only a few bettors were recorded on those odds. By midnight the betting was practically all at even money. Such scientific guessers as Circular Joe Vendig and Sol Lichtenstein figured that Chanler would be a slight favorite in the betting this morning. They noted a shifting of odds in Chanler's favor last night.

Sol Lichtenstein negotiated some fair sized wagers, although, as he said sorrowfully, nothing like the business of former elections. He bet \$10,000 on Taft, putting up \$4,500 against \$5,500. \$2,000 against \$2,000, \$3,000 against \$3,000, \$2,000 against \$2,000. Lichtenstein took the Chanler end of half a dozen small bets. He bet Al Johnson \$500 even that Chanler's plurality in Greater New York would be 100,000. At 9 to 10 he bet a few hundred with Hughes supporters. Abie Jacobs and Joe Vendig came over to the Hoffman from the Café Martin with a bundle of Chanler money. Vendig got down \$4,000 at even. Jacobs could only find a few takers in small amounts.

Billy Mackin announced early in the evening that he had ten bundles of Chanler money, \$900 to a package, to put up against \$10,000. At 11 o'clock Mackin said he had got it all down, but he wouldn't say who took the Hughes end. Jakey Josephs bet \$4,000 to \$5,000 on Chanler and had an opportunity late in the night to put down some more at even money. He couldn't see it. A good deal of the Hughes money that was wagered last night was said to have come from Felix Isman, the real estate and theatrical man. Mr. Isman was not at the Hoffman, but some of his friends were.

George Rose, George Wheelock, Bob Rose and Henry Harris were ready to back Chanler at even money, but there was nothing doing. They got up some chicken feed bets at 10 to 9, taking the Chanler end. Markie Mayer, who had taken the Hughes end for \$1,000 at even money several weeks ago, hedged. Early in the evening he bet \$200 to \$1,000 that Chanler would win. At 11 o'clock Mr. Mahoney had \$20,000 to wager for customers who wanted to back Chanler. But the money wasn't taken up. Hughes fanciers held out for even money.

There were a few bets on pluralities, although nothing like the speculation of former years. Lichtenstein was understood to have \$20,000 that Chanler would carry Brooklyn by 20,000, but he was asking odds of 4 to 1. He let \$5,000 to \$400 that Kings county would give Chanler 15,000 plurality. There were a score of little wagers from \$50 up to \$500 that Taft's plurality in this State would not go over 75,000, most of the bets being made at even.

Jakey Josephs separated himself from \$500 even on the proposition that Chanler would get 110,000 in Greater New York. Abie Jacobs dug up \$1,000 that Hughes wouldn't get over 130,000 above the Bronx, making the wager at even money. Circular Joe Vendig bet the price of a few cases of champagne on pluralities, figuring that Chanler would carry the greater city by over 100,000.

Sized up all around, there wasn't a quarter of the betting last night that there has been on former nights before election. The anti-betting law scared away most of the business men who liked to take a chance for the fun of the thing, and it dampened the ardor of a lot of the professionals. Also, the race in the State this evening was too close for them to figure on what they love best, a dead sure thing. There was very little betting on Taft and Bryan, and what was done went at odds of about 5 to 1.

In the financial district the betting on the national election took the form of stock market commitments. The Street was impressed with the idea that Taft is to win and that his success means higher prices for stocks. In the opinion of speculators purchases of stocks offered chances of better profits than did wagers at 6 to 1 or 7 to 1 on Taft's election. Men willing to take a chance on Bryan figured in the same general way. A sale of the market gave a prospect of a big profit in the event of Bryan's election.

On the State election result Chanler men showed more confidence. A fraction of an up-town pool of \$20,000, said to be headed by a prominent corporation man interested in up-State elections, was placed at odds of 10 to 9 on Hughes. There was even betting at 10 to 8 on Hughes and some at even money. None of the bets was of large amount.

B. C. Whitney Hurt in Auto Accident.

Brownstown, Ind., Nov. 2.—An automobile party from Detroit met with an accident here late last evening. B. C. Whitney, proprietor of several theatres, suffered two skull fractures and is in a critical condition. Halfway men marauders had thrown a telephone pole across the road, and in driving around it the machine ran into a guy wire.

MADISON AVENUE THIEF CHASE

Everybody After the Man Who Snatched at Woman's Gold Bag.

Mrs. Helen Lissauer of 911 Park avenue, the wife of Robert Lissauer, manager for Lambert Bros., jewellers at Fifty-eighth street and Third avenue, was walking up Madison avenue near Seventy-seventh street at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. She carried a gold mesh bag worth \$500. Inside this was a smaller bag worth \$40, which contained \$5 in money and some trinkets.

Suddenly the bag was grabbed by a man from behind Mrs. Lissauer, but the chain was twisted around her wrist and she held on to it. She turned and grabbed the grabber, who at once knocked her down. Mrs. Lissauer's gloves were torn and her hands scratched, but she held on to the bag and shouted for help.

The man ran up Madison avenue and east on Seventy-seventh street. A crowd started with Mrs. Lissauer to chase him. At Park avenue a chauffeur in an automobile joined in. The man ran on to Third avenue.

Policeman Albert Hensler of the East Fifty-first street station, on a Third avenue car going home to dinner, heard the shouting. He jumped out of the car and also took after the quarry. The thief went down Third avenue to Seventy-sixth street and then started to go up the stairs of the elevated road. Then Hensler caught him. The man fought, but was subdued and taken to the station house, where he was identified by Mrs. Lissauer. He said he was James Graham, 35 years old, hotel clerk, of 243 West Forty-fifth street. He was out of work and had no money, he explained.

Mrs. Lissauer went home. She was bruised and suffering from shock, so it was necessary to send for a doctor.

500 VOTES FOR CHANLER

Arrive on Special Train From the Pimlico Race-track—Just a Flying Trip.

More than 600 race-track men arrived here at 2 o'clock this morning on the Cavanagh special train over the Pennsylvania Railroad from Baltimore. They came to vote for Chanler.

The train was composed of fourteen cars, and was three and a half hours late owing to a fire in Philadelphia. The special was preceded by the Congressional Limited, which brought 200 more turfmen.

All these race-track men are registered here and they will visit the polls at 6 o'clock or as near it as possible so they can catch another special train for the Pimlico track, near Baltimore, at 8:30, arriving there in time for the first race.

When the crowd left the cars in Jersey City they cheered wildly for Chanler. There were Taft cheers also from Republicans who are going to vote for Chanler.

The train brought a number of bookmakers, their clerks, horsemen, trainers, stablemen and track regulars, all in charge of Mortimer Mahoney, John G. Cavanagh's right hand man. Most of the delegation sat up all night declaring that sleep could be secured on the way back this morning.

There was no betting on the train because everybody on the train felt the same way about the result. The unanimous expression was, "Chanler wins on the bit."

PRESIDENT TO HUNT WITH TAFT

Rumor That He Will Go to Asheville, N. C., After the Election.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—There is an unconfirmed report in Washington that President Roosevelt is considering the advisability of joining William H. Taft at Asheville, N. C., after the election, probably about Thanksgiving time, for a hunting trip. He has already indicated that he will not go to Pine Knot, Va., Thanksgiving, where he has had some poor luck in his search for game. Game is reported to be plentiful around Asheville.

The President has received several invitations to hunt in North Carolina, but up to this time has been unable to accept any of them. Mr. Taft has chosen a place to rest where he can be free from the intrusion of politicians. Of course these plans may be disarranged if Mr. Bryan's political forecast proves correct.

JURY FINDS FOR BURBANK.

Upholds His Contentment That His Uncle Didn't Sign Away \$100,000.

The jury in the Burbank case, which has been on trial for more than a week before Judge Ward in the United States Circuit Court, brought in last night a verdict for the defendant after nearly three hours of deliberation. The suit was instituted by David B. Newcomb and Mary Ellen Newcomb against Caleb A. Burbank to recover \$100,000 in stocks and bonds alleged to have been sold by the defendant, but a bill of sale to Mrs. Mary Newcomb, mother of the complainants, by her uncle, Ambrose B. Burbank.

Caleb A. Burbank, his nephew, who was named as residuary legatee in the will of Ambrose B. Burbank, contended that the bill of sale and the affirmatory letter accompanying it were forgeries. Several handwriting experts testified pro and con. The case will probably be appealed.

NEW YORK GAME LAW VALID.

Supreme Court Declares It to Be a Lawful Exercise of Police Power.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—The game laws of New York, under which August Silz, a dealer in game in New York city, was indicted for having in his possession during the closed season two birds imported from England, were to-day declared valid by the Supreme Court. Silz contended that the law was void, as an attempt by the State of New York to interfere with regulations of foreign commerce.

Justice Day, in delivering the opinion of the court, said it did interfere with such commerce, but indirectly, and so did other police regulations that had been approved by the Supreme Court. It must therefore be placed in the same class with those laws covering the deer, which was a lawful exercise of the police power. It was not, he said, a regulation of such commerce. The action of the New York court officials in affirming the lower court in dismissing Silz's application for his release on writ of habeas corpus was affirmed.

Genuine Deerfoot Farm Packages are never sold in bulk, but are always wrapped in parchment paper, with the name wrapped in red ink. Beware of imitations.—Ad.

\$5,000,000 CONTRACT SIGNED

WESTINGHOUSE CO. TO ELECTRIFY PENNA. TERMINAL.

A Business Bet on Taft's Election—Contract on Lines From Harrison, N. J., to Jamaica—Overhead Trolley, Probably—Engines With 1 Foot Drivers.

After a meeting of the board of directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad held in Philadelphia yesterday afternoon the plans for the completion of the electrification of the Pennsylvania terminal in this city were announced and the signing of a \$5,000,000 contract for the work with the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company.

Aside from the importance of the contract and the work it involves the announcement had a political significance which became known through George Westinghouse in this city.

"The contract for this work was signed at the meeting in Philadelphia this afternoon," said Mr. Westinghouse. "It was decided at first not to announce the fact just at this time, but after arriving here I telephoned President McCrea of the Pennsylvania. Of course we all hope for the election of Mr. Taft to-morrow," said Mr. Westinghouse, with a smile, "and I thought this would be a good time to show our confidence and also that it might help the situation a bit. This contract means, of course, the additional employment of at least 1,000 more men."

The contract is for the electrification of the entire Pennsylvania system from Harrison, N. J., to Jamaica, L. I. The initial amount of the apparatus required under this part of the contract will be \$5,000,000, but this by no means can be taken as the full amount that the work will cost, as it has not been determined yet just how much more than the contract calls for will be done. Mr. Westinghouse said that the contract was elastic in form and that if the Pennsylvania wanted to push its work out further it could be done under this same contract.

"It is believed that the action of the Pennsylvania Railroad will have a far reaching effect with reference to many other electrifications which have been held in abeyance pending the decision of the Pennsylvania road," said Mr. Westinghouse. "As a matter of physical fact this work will eventually form a link with the New Haven and Central lines. Mind you, I mean a physical connection, as of course I know nothing about what the Pennsylvania may mean to do in regard to any future traffic arrangements."

The magnitude of the work of electrification of the Pennsylvania may be understood better by comparison with what has been done on the New Haven and Central lines.

In the first place, the system will probably be overhead trolley and not the so-called third rail. The engines to be used will be of an entirely new type and the most powerful in existence. They will resemble closely in appearance the steam locomotive now in use and not the type of short locomotive on the New Haven. They will be built to pull any train on the grades of the Pennsylvania from under the river to the street surface level at a high speed. They will be equipped with the well known type of seven foot driving wheel of the steam locomotive. An engine now being used for test purposes in Long Island City has already done more than ninety miles an hour and has shown that it is capable of doing 120 miles an hour. Work on 100 of these locomotives will be begun at once and on a number of motor cars. To run the system 250,000 horse-power will be required, several times more than is now used on the New Haven or Central systems, which were also built by the Westinghouse company. The present plans for the grand central terminal call for a schedule of 500 trains a day. The Westinghouse contract with the Pennsylvania shows that the plans are made with a view to handling 1,000 trains a day in the terminal.

"This contract will be completed in twenty months," said Mr. Westinghouse, "and will keep our works going at full blast from now on if conditions are good after the election. The award of so large a contract at this time is an event of great importance in the direction of restoring the industrial activity of the country. The officials of the Pennsylvania have devoted the last three years to a study of the requirements of this work, and the award of the contract at this time puts the Pennsylvania in an exceptionally favorable position."

Asked as to the condition of the Westinghouse company's affairs, President Westinghouse said that the work would be brightened out and that an announcement to that effect, he hoped, would soon be made.

STRAUS AT ELLIS ISLAND.

The Secretary Reports That the Tide of Immigration Has Turned.

Oscar Straus, Secretary of the Department of Commerce and Labor, was at Ellis Island yesterday looking over the new hospital buildings and making a general inspection of things.

He said that the statistics of the Department showed that for the nine months ended September 30 about 272,000 aliens had arrived here and 414,000 had departed, showing that we had lost 142,000 of the laboring element. The conditions were changing a bit, however, as the arrivals last month had been 1,000 and the departures 55,000.

HAWLEY JURY MEDITATING.

Justice Erlanger Orders a Sealed Verdict Wednesday Morning.

A sealed verdict will be opened to-morrow morning in the action brought by Alan and William Hawley to recover \$34,500 from their sister Jennie, who broke up the family when she eloped with Charles Levese, a young French aeronaut, almost thirty years her junior.

Justice Erlanger, before whom the action has been on trial for ten days, directed a sealed verdict yesterday afternoon when he found, after waiting a couple of hours, that the jury was still unable to make up its mind whether Mrs. Levese owed her brothers money, as they declare, or whether they owe her an accounting, as she says.

DEVELOPERS OF THE GRAPE JUICE.

It Purifies the Blood and is Very Nourishing.

Dr. T. Dewey & Sons Co., 125 Fulton St., N. Y.

BILLS IN THE LEAD.

25 on a Manhattan Bailout and Only 23 Johns and 20 Charleses.

There are altogether 336 names on the ballot to be used in Manhattan Borough to-day. Of these names all but those of candidates for Congress, Senate and Assembly are the same on all ballots. An examination of the Christian names of candidates on one sample ballot shows the bills in the lead. There are:

William, 25; John, 22; Charles, 20; James 11; Joseph, 11; Henry, 9; Frank, 7; Albert, 6; Thomas, 6; Edward, 5; Daniel, Eugene, George, Jacob, Louis, Martin and Richard, each 4; Augustus, Arthur, Francis, Julius, Robert and Samuel, 3; Alexander, Carl, Edwin, Frederick, Gustava, Isidor, Israel, Leon, Matthew, Philip, Perry, Paul, Patrick, Stephen and Walter, 2. Lewis Stuyvesant Chanler is the only Lewis and Herbert Parsons the only Herbert. Pharoceus, Alba, Asa and Celora are Christian names of Republican electors.

MISS HOPPER KEEPS THE AUTO

Unless A. O. Brown's Trustee in Bankruptcy Can Get It Away.

Edna Wallace Hopper, the actress, accompanied by Albert O. Brown, senior member of the bankrupt brokerage firm of A. O. Brown & Co., appeared before Judge Holt in the United States District Court yesterday afternoon when the motion directing Miss Hopper to turn over to Receiver Littlefield the automobile and \$5,000 insurance policy which Mr. Brown had given her prior to the failure of his firm was called.

Judge Holt sustained the contention of Miss Hopper's counsel that the court had no jurisdiction and denied the motion. He granted, however, an order restraining the actress from disposing of the machine and the policy within a period of thirty days after a trustee in bankruptcy is appointed. The trustee can then bring an action in law or equity on the merits. In the meantime Miss Hopper can have the full use of the machine.

LOUD POP IN THE SUBWAY.